

Name _____

War Team Divide Answer Key

- **Allied Powers:** France, Great Britain, Russia, Italy (joined in 1915), Serbia, Belgium, United States (joined in 1917)
- **Central Powers:** Germany, Austria-Hungary, Ottoman Empire

Explanation Example:

The alliances caused the war to grow quickly because when one nation was attacked, its allies joined in to defend it. Austria-Hungary's conflict with Serbia pulled in Russia, then Germany, and soon almost all of Europe was fighting. These alliances turned a local event-the assassination of Archduke Ferdinand-into a global conflict.

Teacher's Guide

- **Purpose:** This worksheet helps students understand **the structure and impact of alliances** during World War I, reinforcing how political commitments can shape global outcomes.
- **Differentiation Tips:**
 - For emerging learners, provide a **word bank or visual map** showing where each country was located.
 - Challenge advanced learners to **add one or two neutral countries** and explain their positions.
 - Encourage use of **transition words** like "therefore" or "as a result" in the written response.
- **Engagement Ideas:**
 - Have students simulate alliances by forming two groups and discussing how each side might react to a declaration of war.
 - Use color-coded sticky notes or name cards for students to physically sort countries on a classroom wall or board.
- **Extension Activities:**
 - Ask students to research how alliances **shifted after the war** and led to the creation of new nations.
 - Connect this lesson to the **Treaty of Versailles**, exploring how the outcomes for each alliance set the stage for World War II.