

Sit Or Take A Stand Answer Key

Sample Responses

1. "Sit" - A peaceful refusal to participate shows unity and draws attention to the issue.
2. "Stand" - Publicly speaking up can help ensure fairness and inclusion.
3. "Stand" - A petition encourages dialogue with leaders to change the policy.
4. "Sit" - Peaceful public readings highlight freedom of speech without confrontation.
5. "Sit" - Boycotts, like those during the Civil Rights Movement, can be powerful and effective.

(Answers may vary; key ideas should demonstrate awareness of nonviolent protest and civic responsibility.)

Teacher's Guide

- **Objective:** Encourage students to apply Civil Rights-era principles of activism and nonviolence to modern scenarios, promoting empathy, decision-making, and civic awareness.
- **Engagement Tips:**
 - Begin by reviewing examples of "standing" (marches, speeches) vs. "sitting" (boycotts, sit-ins) during the Civil Rights Movement.
 - Read each scenario aloud and allow brief small-group debates before students respond individually.
- **Differentiation:**
 - **Support:** Provide visuals of historical sit-ins and protests for students to reference.
 - **Challenge:** Ask advanced students to connect their decisions to a real Civil Rights example, explaining how it inspired their choice.
- **Extension Ideas:**
 - Have students write a short journal entry titled *"My Peaceful Protest Plan"* describing a cause they'd act for today.
 - Host a class discussion on how digital "standing" and "sitting" (like petitions or social media campaigns) reflect modern activism.
 - Integrate art by creating "protest posters" expressing messages of fairness and justice.