Name

Equal Rights Promise Answer Key

Student responses may vary but should reflect the following ideas:

- 1. The law says that everyone born in the United States has the same rights as others to go to court, make legal agreements, and be protected by the laws.
- 2. It helped protect the rights of formerly enslaved people and ensured they were recognized as full citizens.
- 3. Formerly enslaved African Americans and other people of color.
- 4. Students may note that despite the law, discrimination continued and rights were not always protected, but the act was an important legal foundation.

Teacher's Guide

- Target Skill: Interpreting and paraphrasing primary source text
- Suggested Grades: 7-8

Teaching Tips

- Pre-teach difficult vocabulary: enforce, evidence, proceedings, security, property.
- Model paraphrasing a shorter phrase, showing how to simplify legal language.
- Encourage students to highlight key parts of the excerpt before rewriting it.

Differentiation

- Support: Provide a guided paraphrase frame or word bank for legal terms.
- Challenge: Ask students to identify one phrase that supports equal rights today and explain its relevance.

Engagement Ideas

- Compare the excerpt with a modern law protecting civil rights.
- Hold a short class discussion: "How might life have changed for freedmen after this act?"

Extension Ideas

- Students create a mini-bill of rights for a fair school community using clear language.
- Assign a quick writing task on how laws can shape equality in society over time.



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