

Name _____



Nationalist Perspectives

Directions: Read each statement below about nationalism and unification in 19th-century Italy and Germany. Write **F** for *Fact* or **O** for *Opinion* in the blank before each one. Think carefully; some statements may sound factual but actually reflect interpretation or belief.

_____ 1. Otto von Bismarck was a Prussian leader who helped unify Germany in the 19th century.

_____ 2. Cavour's diplomatic strategies were more intelligent than Bismarck's use of war.

_____ 3. The Franco-Prussian War in 1870-1871 helped unite the German states under Prussian leadership.

_____ 4. Nationalism always brings peace and pride to a nation's people.

_____ 5. The Kingdom of Italy was officially proclaimed in 1861 with Victor Emmanuel II as king.

_____ 6. The revolutions of 1848 were completely successful in creating stable nations.

_____ 7. Many Italians and Germans shared common languages and cultural traditions before unification.

_____ 8. Bismarck's "blood and iron" policy showed that he valued strength and action over discussion.

_____ 9. Garibaldi's campaigns in southern Italy were reckless and unnecessary.

_____ 10. Nationalism inspired both unity and conflict across Europe in the 19th century.