

Name _____

March Toward Justice Answer Key

Correct Order:

1. Rosa Parks refuses to give up her seat (1955)
2. The Montgomery Bus Boycott begins (1955-1956)
3. Dr. King delivers his "I Have a Dream" speech (1963)
4. The Civil Rights Act is signed into law (1964)
5. Dr. King leads the Selma to Montgomery march (1965)

Connection Examples:

- Rosa Parks inspired Dr. King to organize peaceful protest.
- The Bus Boycott showed unity and nonviolent resistance.
- The Dream speech shared hope for equality and inspired millions.
- The Civil Rights Act reflected progress toward that dream.
- The Selma march pushed for voting rights, continuing his fight for fairness.

Teacher's Guide

- Begin with a quick timeline discussion or visuals of major Civil Rights Movement events.
- Read aloud short quotes from Dr. King to help students connect emotion and meaning.
- Let students work in pairs to discuss which event might come first and why before writing.

Differentiation:

- *Grades 4-5:* Provide a short timeline preview or date hints.
- *Grades 6-8:* Ask for specific cause-and-effect links between events.
- *Advanced:* Encourage students to include how public opinion or government response changed after each event.