

Ripple Of Change Answer Key

Event 1

- *Cause:* Rosa Parks refused to give up her seat.
- *Effect:* The Montgomery Bus Boycott began, leading to the end of bus segregation laws.

Event 2

- *Cause:* Activists organized the March on Washington to demand equality and opportunity.
- *Effect:* Dr. King's speech inspired millions and helped build support for the Civil Rights Act.

Event 3

- *Cause:* Protesters demanded fair voting rights despite local resistance.
- *Effect:* The public outrage over the violence helped lead to the Voting Rights Act of 1965.

Event 4

- *Cause:* Dr. King promoted peace and nonviolence through his leadership and example.
- *Effect:* Many others adopted nonviolent protest as a way to seek justice.

Challenge Question: Dr. King's courage encouraged others to take peaceful action, proving that one voice can spark widespread change for equality.

Teacher's Guide

- Begin with a mini-lesson reviewing cause and effect using everyday examples.
- Read each event aloud, pausing for discussion about why it happened and what changed afterward.
- Reinforce that causes often show **actions**, while effects show **results or consequences**.