

Name \_\_\_\_\_

## Judicial Journey Answer Key

1. E - The Judiciary Act of 1801 creates new federal judgeships.
2. C - Adams signs "midnight appointments."
3. F - Jefferson becomes the 3rd President.
4. H - Madison refuses to deliver the commission.
5. B - Marbury demands his commission.
6. I - Marbury takes his complaint to the Supreme Court.
7. A - The Supreme Court hears the case.
8. D - Marshall writes the decision.
9. G - Part of the Judiciary Act of 1789 is declared unconstitutional.
10. J - Judicial review is established.

### Teacher's Guide

- Review key terms before beginning: judicial review, unconstitutional, commission, Supreme Court.
- Discuss how presidential transitions can influence legal and political disputes.
- Encourage students to justify their ordering choices using evidence.

### Extension Ideas

- Students create a short illustrated timeline reflecting the events.
- Compare judicial review in Marbury v. Madison to a modern case that used the same principle.
- Conduct a mock Supreme Court conference discussing whether Marbury should have received his commission.