Name

Germany State Study Answer Key

(Sample acceptable responses below. Answers may vary.)

- 1. Examples include Bavaria, Saxony, Brandenburg, Hesse, Lower Saxony, Hamburg, Berlin, Bremen, Rhineland Palatinate, Baden Württemberg, Mecklenburg Western Pomerania, Saarland, Saxony Anhalt, Schleswig Holstein, Thuringia, and North Rhine Westphalia.
- 2. Bavaria contains part of the Alps, which gives it high elevations and mountain landscapes.
- 3. Hamburg is known for its major port, which makes it an important center for trade.
- 4. Baden Württemberg has forests and hills, while Mecklenburg Western Pomerania has flat coastlines along the Baltic Sea.
- 5. Federal states help manage local government, preserve regional traditions, and allow different areas to address their own economic and cultural needs.

Teacher's Guide

Purpose

- Support grades 9 through 12 in studying Germany's political geography and federal system.
- Strengthen analytical thinking by comparing states and identifying geographic and cultural features.
- Build understanding of how federal states contribute to political structure and identity.

Differentiation

- Allow paired or small group brainstorming before students write individually.
- Challenge advanced learners to compare three states instead of two.

