

Name \_\_\_\_\_

## True or False Worksheet

**Instructions** - Read each statement carefully. If it is correct, write **True**. If it is incorrect, write **False**.

### Problems

1. The dividend is the number being divided. \_\_\_\_
2. The divisor is the answer to a division problem. \_\_\_\_
3. The quotient is the result you get when dividing. \_\_\_\_
4. The remainder is what is left over after division. \_\_\_\_
5. In  $20 \div 5 = 4$ , the number 20 is the divisor. \_\_\_\_
6. In  $36 \div 6 = 6$ , the number 6 on the right side is the quotient. \_\_\_\_
7. Division is a way to split numbers into equal groups. \_\_\_\_
8. Partition means to break something into parts. \_\_\_\_
9. The divisor is always bigger than the dividend. \_\_\_\_
10. A fact family shows how multiplication and division are related. \_\_\_\_
11. In  $25 \div 4 = 6 \text{ R}1$ , the "R1" shows the quotient. \_\_\_\_
12. Long division is a step-by-step way to divide larger numbers. \_\_\_\_
13. Repeated subtraction is another way to think about division. \_\_\_\_
14. An equation is a math sentence that shows two sides are equal. \_\_\_\_
15. Sharing equally is another word for division. \_\_\_\_
16. In  $48 \div 8 = 6$ , the number 8 is the dividend. \_\_\_\_
17. The quotient can sometimes have a remainder. \_\_\_\_
18. Distribute means to hand things out fairly. \_\_\_\_
19. In  $12 \div 4 = 3$ , the number 3 is the quotient. \_\_\_\_
20. The remainder is the number that tells how many groups we divide into.  
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