Name

Fallacy Finder Answer Key

Fallacies Identified

- 1. Hasty Generalization: "If one teenager cheats on a test, it proves that all teenagers are dishonest."
 - o Flaw: Assumes all teenagers are dishonest based on one example.
- 2. **Slippery Slope**: "If schools don't crack down immediately, cheating will spread everywhere, and soon no one will ever study again."
 - Flaw: Exaggerates consequences without evidence.
- 3. False Cause: "Technology is the root of the problem."
 - Flaw: Blames technology for cheating without proving it causes the behavior.

Sample Responses

- 1. **Most damaging fallacy**: The hasty generalization, because it unfairly labels an entire group of students.
- 2. **Rewrite suggestion**: Instead of claiming *all* teenagers are dishonest, the author could say: "Some students may be tempted to cheat, but schools can support academic integrity through clear rules and teaching about ethics."
- 3. **Student-created fallacy example**: "If I don't get a new pair of sneakers, I'll never be good at sports." (Fallacy: False Cause)

Teacher Guide/Notes

- **Skill Emphasis**: Students practice **critical thinking** by spotting errors in reasoning.
- Encourage them to focus not just on labeling the fallacy but on explaining why it weakens the argument.
- Extension activity: Provide students with short editorial excerpts and have them underline logical fallacies in real-world writing.

