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Life and Death of a Massive Star

Mission Context: The *S.S. Celestia* has just returned from a decades-long observation of a high-mass star's complete life cycle. Unfortunately, the mission report got scrambled during re-entry! Your task is to **reconstruct the timeline** of this star's evolution leading to the formation of a black hole.



Below are **eight jumbled entries** from the mission log. **Number them from 1 to 8** to restore the correct order of events in the life of a massive star that ends in a black hole.

A. The star enters a period of instability and begins to fuse heavier elements like carbon, oxygen, and silicon in its core.
B. The star forms from a dense cloud of gas and dust, collapsing under gravity and beginning nuclear fusion.
C. The core becomes iron, which cannot produce energy through fusion. Without support, gravity causes the core to collapse catastrophically.
D. A brilliant supernova explosion blasts away the star's outer layers into space.
E. Over millions of years, the star burns hydrogen in its core, shining steadily as a main sequence star.
F. The remaining core is so dense and massive that it collapses into a singular black hole.
G. The star expands into a red supergiant as it starts to run out of hydrogen fuel.
H. The gas cloud fragments into a protostar, where fusion hasn't started yet, but pressure and temperature are building.

