Name			

Understanding Privacy and Technology

Artificial Intelligence (AI) is all around us. It helps us find answers online, recommends songs we might like, and even suggests what we should watch next. Al learns from data - and that data often comes from people like us.

When you search for something, post a photo, or use a smart app, small pieces of information about you are collected. This information is called **personal data**. It might include your age, location, interests, or even your voice if you use a voice assistant. Al uses these details to "learn" about what people want.

But sometimes, Al systems collect too much. When apps or websites track every move you make, they can build a very detailed picture of your life - what time you wake up, where you go after school, or who your friends are. This can be risky.

If that data is shared or stolen, strangers might learn private things about you. Some companies also sell this information to advertisers who use it to send you targeted ads. That's why it's important to protect your privacy by reading what apps ask for, turning off location sharing, and never sharing personal details like your address or passwords with AI tools.

Al can be helpful, but it's not always safe. The best way to use it is to stay smart and protect your data. Remember: once something is online, it's almost impossible to completely erase it.

- 1. What does AI use to "learn" about people?
- A) Books and newspapers
- B) Friends' opinions
- C) Teachers and schools
- D) Personal data and information
- 2. Which of these is an example of personal data?
- A) A math problem

- B) Your favorite color
- C) Your home address
- D) The name of a movie
- 3. What can happen if too much data is collected about you?
- A) Your privacy could be at risk
- B) You'll get better grades
- C) Your computer will stop working D) The internet will crash
- 4. According to the passage, why do some companies collect personal data?

5. What does the passage suggest you should **never** share with AI tools?

- A) To make people famous
- B) To send targeted ads
- C) To help people make new friends D) To delete old accounts
- A) Your favorite music
- B) The weather outside
- C) The name of your school
- D) Your address or passwords
- 6. What does the passage say about information online?
- A) It disappears after one week

- B) It can always be erased easily
- C) It stays online and can be hard to remove
- D) It's only visible to your friends
- 7. What is one safety step the passage recommends?
- A) Turning on all notifications
- B) Reading what apps ask for before agreeing
- C) Posting more personal updates
- D) Ignoring privacy settings



